

LAW DEGREE EXAMINATION – DECEMBER, 2014.

FIRST SEMESTER

3 YEAR L.L.B

(Regular/Supplementary)

Paper - I : LAW OF CONTRACT (GENERAL)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

## PART – A

Answer any SIX questions.

Each question carries 4 marks.

(6 × 4 = 24 marks)

1. Agreement
2. Dumping of goods
3. Consideration
4. Incapacity
5. Proposal
6. Undue influence
7. Nudum pactum
8. Tender
9. Privity

## PART – B

Answer any TWO questions.

Each question carries 18 marks.

(2 × 18 = 36 marks)

10. Explain the essential elements of communication and revocation.
11. Discuss the capacity to enter into a contract and when incapacity arises in statutes.
12. Explain the need and definition of a free consent and the factors vitiating free consent.
13. Examine various modes of discharge of a contract.

Turn Over

PART - C

Answer any TWO questions.

Each question carries 20 marks.       $(2 \times 20 = 40 \text{ marks})$

14. A minor enters into a contract with an adult that he will sell his house to the adult. Whether the contract is valid.
  15. A contract was entered into by A & B that A agricultural land to B. This land belongs to A's grand father. Explain the validity of the transfer as A's children claims that it is ancestral property.
  16. X agrees to give Y his daughter in marriage with Z on the condition that Z should transfer his right on his property to Y. Is the contract valid.
  17. A contractor threatens B to sell his house which is in the middle of the town for cheap price. B rejects. A brings some goondar and attempts to kill B. B signs the agreement. Is it valid.
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3 YEAR LL.B.

FIRST SEMESTER

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Paper II : SPECIAL CONTRACTS

*Time : 3 Hours*

*Max. Marks : 100*

## PART – A

Answer any SIX questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

$(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ marks})$

1. Guarantee.
2. Surety.
3. Bailor.
4. Agent.
5. Indemnity.
6. Contract of sale.
7. Unpaid seller.
8. Partners.
9. Minor.

## PART – B

Answer any TWO questions. Each question carries 18 marks.

$(2 \times 18 = 36 \text{ marks})$

10. Explain contract of indemnity and contract of guarantee and its essentials.
11. Discuss the definition of bailment and rights and duties of bailor and bailee.
12. How can an agency be created and rights and duties of an agent?
13. Explain the salient features of Indian sale of goods act-1920.

PART – C

Answer any TWO questions. Each question carries 20 marks.

(2 × 20 = 40 marks)

14. A partnership was started by 5 persons and it was not registered. Later on one partner dies 4 partners misappropriated the amount, not paying the heirs of deceased person. Advise.
  15. A has taken a loan from B and C acts as surety. A fails to repay the money and C dies. Advise B.
  16. Certain goods were bailed by A to B. B misappropriates the goods. Advise A.
  17. X pledges her ornaments in the custody of Y for a period of 3 years. Later X was unable to take her ornaments Y sells the jewellery as A was unable to pay even interest. Explain.
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3 YEAR LL.B

(Regular/Supplementary)

Paper – III : LAW OF TORTS INCLUDING M.V. ACCIDENT AND  
CONSUMER PROTECTION LAWS

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

PART – A

Answer any SIX questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

( $6 \times 4 = 24$  marks)

1. Equity
2. Legal damage
3. Crime
4. Good conscience
5. Negligence
6. Motive
7. Unliquidated damages
8. Hazard
9. Negligence.

PART – B

Answer any TWO questions. Each question carries 18 marks.

( $2 \times 18 = 36$  marks)

10. Explain the evolution of law of torts and advantages of its uncodified character.
11. Describe in brief the principles of liability in torts.
12. Explain the law of private defense in law of torts.
13. Discuss the doctrine of sovereign immunity and its relevance in India.
14. Explain the law relating to vicarious liability in law of torts.

### PART - C

Answer any TWO questions. Each question carries 20 marks.

$$(2 \times 20 = 40 \text{ marks})$$

15. An independent contractor constructed a reservoir and because of heavy rains its collapsed and damaged the coal fields beside it. The owner of coal fields which got damaged wants to approach the court. Explain the liability.
16. A driver of a goit car caused an accident and a child was injured. The parents of the child claimed damages. Explain the law involved.
17. An industry has caused pollution and it caused the death of the residents. The other residents approached an NGO to help them to claim damages. Advice NGO. As a lawyer.
18. A caused an accident and injured B. B claimed damages on the ground of negligence. Whether A is liable.

# SRL-49104

LAW DEGREE EXAMINATION – DECEMBER, 2014.

FIRST SEMESTER

3 YEAR LL.B

(Regular/Supplementary)

Paper – IV : LAW OF CRIME (IPC)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

## PART – A

Answer any SIX questions.

Each question carries 4 marks.

( $6 \times 4 = 24$  marks)

1. Motive
2. Actus Reus
3. Conspiracy
4. Abetment
5. Necessity
6. Malice
7. Tresspass
8. Rioting
9. Cheating

## PART – B

Answer any TWO questions.

Each question carries 18 marks.

( $2 \times 18 = 36$  marks)

10. Define crime and explain the essentials of a crime with case laws.
11. Discuss the law of private defence for exemption of criminal liability.
12. Define homicide. Under which circumstances culpable homicide amounts to murder.
13. Explain kidnapping and abduction. Bring out the differences between the two.

Turn Over

PART - C

Answer any TWO questions.

Each question carries 20 marks.  $(2 \times 20 = 40 \text{ marks})$

14. A was working with a hatchet in a forest. Suddenly the head of the hatchet flew and hit B and caused B's death. Explain.
  15. A went to market, buys a pistol comes home and aims at B who is his wife and shots at B. But B survives. For which offence A is liable.
  16. A goes to B a child gives the child a sweet and asks the child to serve it to C. The child without knowing that sweet is poisonous gives C. C dies. Explain the liability of B.
  17. A and B are husband and wife. B once watches that A his wife is having illegal contact with Z gets a knife and kills her. He claims grave and sudden provocation as the defence. Explain.
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LAW DEGREE EXAMINATION – DECEMBER, 2014.  
FIRST SEMESTER  
3 YEAR LL.B  
(Regular/Supplementary)  
Paper – V : CONSTITUTIONAL LAW OF INDIA

*Time : 3 Hours*

*Max. Marks : 100*

**PART – A**

Answer any SIX questions.

Each question carries 4 marks.

$(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ marks})$

1. Preamble
2. Anti defection law
3. Federalism
4. Financial relations
5. Governor's role
6. Cabinet system
7. Rights and duties
8. Right to life
9. Rights of accused.

**PART – B**

Answer any TWO questions.

Each question carries 18 marks.

$(2 \times 18 = 36 \text{ marks})$

10. Explain the features of Indian constitution. Whether it is unitary or federal. Analyse the characteristics.
11. Discuss the doctrine of basic structure and judicial consensus on basic structure.
12. Explain the concept of right of life and personal liberty enshrined under the Indian constitution with relevant cases.
13. Discuss the law of emergency and its provisions under Indian constitution.

### PART - C

Answer any TWO questions.

Each question carries 20 marks.

( $2 \times 20 = 40$  marks)

14. In a school some of the students belonging to a sect refused to sing national anthem as it goes against their religion. But they stood up when it was sung. Discuss.
  15. A news paper published an item which was attacking a politician and his conduct during elections. News paper claims that they have every constitutional right as freedom of press is included in Act 19(1)a. Discuss.
  16. An industry which is constructing a group of hotels was not paying minimum wage to its workers. An N.G.O. files the case and defends that minimum wage includes in right to life. Explain.
  17. A person was appointed under state services by a person who is in the rank of D.S.P. But that person was removed by circle inspector. Explain the safeguards available.
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